U.S. DISTRICT CORT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MAY - 1 1972

FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEVADA

IN AVERTED, Clark CILLY DEPUTY

ROBBIE CRAIG and CHARLES HAYTER, et al., Plaintiffs.

100- R-2662

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30 31 CARL HOCKER, Warden, Nevada State Prison, EDEIN POGUE, Deputy Warden, Nevada State Prison, WILLIAM LATTIN, Associate Warden, Nevada State Prison, CLAYTON PHILLIPS. Board Of Prison Commissioners. TOM DAVIS, ROBERT LIST. MICHAEL FONDI.

Defendants.

COMPLAINT IN EQUITY UNDER PROVISIONS OF TITLE 4E SECTION 1983 and 1985. U.S.C. TITLE 28 SECTION 1343 (3) and FED. RULES G. FEDERAL PROC. RULE u) and RULE 23 (a)-(2).

Comes Now, ROBBIE CRAIG and CHARLES HAYTER, Plaintiffs in the above-entitled action representing themselves and on behalf of all other inmates of the Novada State Prison similarily affected by challenged prison disciplinary procedures, under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure as shown herein, and Plaintiffs citizens of the United States of America and the State of Nevada against the above-named Defendants with their Complaint In Equity and respectfully shows:

JURISDICTION ALLEGATIONS

Plaintiffs claim the court has jurisdiction of the Complaint to hear and decide the issues presented herein; Under U.S.C. Title 28 Section 1343 (3) the Court has original jurisdiction of this action because of the fact that Plaintiffs are claiming herein that the named Defendants have deprived, and are continuing to deprive Plaintiffs of their Constitutional rights secured by the due process and equal protection Clauses of the Fourteenth

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and of their 5th and 14th Amendment rights not to be subjected to double jeopardy and/or double punishment, and of their 8th Amendment right not to be subjected to cruel and unusual punishment, and particularily of their 6th and 14th Amendment rights to counsel and procedural due process in the procedures by which the named Defendants charge violations of prison rules and regulations, and in the manner by which such charges of such charges of violations are adjudicated: And further, that the rule: and regulations do not contain sufficient due process safeguards consistant with the nature of the potential punishment to meet the standards of the 14th Amendment domands, and the named Defendants enforce such constitutionally infirm procedures while acting under color of law, pursuant to the authorization granted to the Warden Defendant et al., by Chapter 209 of the Nevada Revised Statutes; Under U.S.C. Title 28 1343 (4) the Plaintiffs will claim and seek to recover damages to secure equitable relief because of violations by named Defendants of constitutionally protected rights wherein the Plaintiffs will claim and show such damages which they are entitled to seek under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 42 Sections 1983 and 1985 (3). 2. And the action is brought pursuant to U.S.C. Title 42 Section 1983 by Plaintiffs seeking relief from the above-mentioned constitutional violations which is more fully shown by the claims made herein. 3. And the action is brought pursuant to U.S.C. Title 42 Section 1985 (3) in that a conspiracy is claimed in the pleadings against Defendants CARL HOCKER, EDWIN POGUE, ROBERT LIST, MICHAEL, FONDI, and TCM DAVIS, to deprive Plaintiffs of their constitutional rights to due process and equal protection as guaranteed by the 14th Amendment to the United States Constitution, and to deprive 30 || Plaintiffs of their 5th and 14th Amendment rights not to be

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subjected to double jeopardy and/or double punishment, as more

fully appears in the pleadings herein.

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4. And the Plaintiffs bring this action in their own behalf and pursuant to Rule 23 (a) (1) and Rule 23 (a) (2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on behalf of all other inmates of the Nevada State Prison affected by the constitutionally infirm disciplinary procedures and practices and constitutionall infirm Nevada State Board of Parole Commissioners proceduras and practices challenged by the claims of this complaint; And the members of the class claimed are representive of a minimumof fifty (60) inpute/prisoners, and the Plaintiffs herein Will fairly insure adequate representation of all to sue for redress. and the rights sought to be enforced for the claimed class are their primary right to procedural due process when appearing before prison disciplinary committees and the Board of Parole Commissioners upon charges of violations of prison rules and regulations which rights are denied and infringed as a matter of general practice by said committees and commissioners which denial and infringements are common acts of the Defendants against all indigent inmate/prisoners who appear before said committees and commissioners for violations of prison rules and regulations: And the denial of such rights are several as claimed in paragraph 1 herein, and the object of the action is for the adjudication of the claims Which do affect specific property rights in the nature of loss of statutory good time credits, Wages, potential wages which are arbitrarily and capriciously forfeited by the named Defendants by and through the various constitutionally infirm procedures claimed as shown in the instan complaint. And the Plaintiffs seeks Declaratory relief pursuant t Fed. Rules Civ. Proc. Rule 57 and U.S.C. Title 28 Section 2201 on matters of rights to procedural due process, as appears in the alternative to other relief sought; And Plaintiffs in the instant 31 matter will sock in the alternative to other relief preliminary

injunctive relief pursuant to Fed. Rules Civ. Proc. Rule 65 as will appear in the prayer therefor. And Plaintiffs will seek particular and specific damages pursuant to the claims of paragraph 1 herein.

COUNT 1

ISSUES OF FACT INVOLVING THE CLAILED CLASS WHICH IS COMMON TO ALL INMATE/PRICONERS APPEARING BEFORE THE NEVADA STATE PRICON DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE

- 5. That there is no form and procedure of a notice provided by prison disciplinary procedures.
- 6. That there are no guidelines for deciding which punishment should be imposed for any particular violation of prison rules and regulations.
- 7. That prisoners are denied the right to call witnesses in their own behalf and to be confronted by witnesses against them in prison disciplinary proceedings.
- 8. That prisoners are not allowed to produce evidence before _____the prison disciplinary committee.
 - 9. That prisoners are denied legal counsel to represent them before the prison disciplinary committee, hired or otherwise, regardless of the seriousness of alleged violation(s) of prison rules and regulations.
 - 10. That evidence used by prison officials against prisoners is arbitrarily applied in that prisoners seldom, if ever, knows what evidence is being used against them, and especially the "informer" type information, oral or written.

11. Procedures employed by the prison disciplinary committee
when a prisoner is charged with an offence which may be referred
to the district attorney denies prisoners procedural due process,
in that even if "Maranda Warnings" are given to the prisoners,
the disciplinary committee do ask for statements in midigation,
then the plea to the charges, and then adjudicate the case.
12. That grievous losses have been, and are being suffered by

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Plaintiffs and all other prisoners similarly situated as a result of constitutionally infirm disciplinary procedures and attendent punishments assessed by the prison disciplinary committee.

13. That there is no prescription in the Nevada State Prison rules and regulations against the participation in disciplinary decisions by prison personnel involved in an incident leading to a prison disciplinary action.

COUNT 11

ISSUES OF FACT INVOLVING PLAINTIPPS IN THE INSTANT LATTER 14. Plaintiffs claim and incorporate the facts of COUNT 1 in this their Fourteenth claim.

15. Plaintiffs are prisoners of the Nevada State Prison.

16. Plaintiff ROBBIE CRAIG was committed to the Nevada State
Prison on/or about the 3rd day of August, 1967, by the Eighth
Judicial District Court of Nevada, into the custody of the Marden.

17. Plaintiff CHARLES HAYTER was committed to the Nevada State
Prison on/or about the 16th day of January, 1967, by the Second
Judicial District Court of Nevada, into the custody of the Warden.

18. The Defendants are state officials acting under color of law
regards all claims made against them made herein.

19. That on the 3rd day of April, 1970, Plaintiffs ROBBIE CRAIG and CHARLES HAYTER were arrested by prison officials of Which Defendant EDWIN POGUE and other individuals were acting upon the orders of Defendant CARL HOCKER to make such arrest, and subsequently placed Plaintiffs in the isolation "hole" cells in the maximum security unit of said prison without notice or hearing for the crime of attempted escape.

20. That Plaintiffs were subsequently taken before a prison disciplinary committee conducted by Defendant Edwin Pogue and other prison personnel, on/or about the 5th day of April, 1970.

21. That on/or about the 5th day of April, 1970, said disciplinar.

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committee called Flaintiffs before them for a hearing upon 1 charges stemming from the above-mentioned arrest claimed in 2 paragraph 19. Defendant EDWIN POGUE acting as biased fact-finder. 3 | 22. That during said hearings above-claimed in paragraph 21. , 2 Defendant EDNIN POGUE read the so-called "Maranda Varnings" to the Plaintiffs and told each Plaintiff he had a right to an 6 attorney before proceeding with said hearings. 23. That during said hearings above-claimed in paragraph 21. Plaintiffs asked Defendant EDWIN POGUE to provide them with an attorney, which the Defendant refused to provide. 10 24. That during said hearings above-claimed in paragraph 21. Defendant EDWIN POCUE proceeded to read off, by number, charges 12 of alleged violations of prison rules and regulations, and then 13 did ask each Plaintiff to plead to the numbered charges, and 14 then asked each Plaintiff if they had anything to say. 15 25. Subsequently, during said hearings above-claimed in paragraph 16 21, Plaintiff ROBBIE CRAIG made a qualified and limited state-17 ment, not in mitigation, after pleading not guilty to the charges. 18 in an attempt to speak in behalf of another inmate. 19 26. Plaintiff ROBBIE CRAIG during said hearing above-claimed in 20 paragraph 21, did realize that there was an unfamiliar person 21 setting behind Defendant EDWIN POGUE during the course of said 22 hearing, and then asked said Defendant to identify said unfamilia; 23 person, to Which said Defendant replied and identified such 24 person as Defendant TON DAVIS from the Carson City, Nevada, 25 District Attorney's office. 26 27. That during said April 5th, 1970, hearing Defendant TOM DAVIS 27 did attempt to ask Plaintiff ROBBIE CRAIG questions to Which 28 Plaintiff refused to answer. 29 28. That upon refusing to answer any further questions as claimed 30 in paragraphs 26 and 27 above. Defendant EDWIN POGUE found

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Plaintiff ROBBIE CRAIG guilty of the numbered charges previously

days in the

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claimed, and sentenced him to twenty-nine (29) days in the isolation "hole", and to an "indifinite" maximum housing isolation and recommendation of the case to the Department of Parole and Probation for loss of all statutory good time credits earned and to be earned, and referral to the Carson City, Nevada, District Attorney's office for prosecution.

29. Subsequently, during the hearing above-claimed in paragraph 21 through 24, Plaintiff CHARLES HAYTER made a qualified statement after pleading not guilty and not guilty by reason of insanity to the charges by number, in an attempt to speak in behalf of two other inmates.

30. Plaintiff CHARLES HAYTER upon realizing that an unfamiliar person was in the disciplinary hearing room writing down everything Plaintiff was saying, asked Defendant EDWIN POGUE who the unfamiliar person was and baid Defendant identified said unfamiliates person as Defendant TOM DAVIS investigator for the Carson City, Nevada, District Attorny's office, at which time Plaintiff refused to answer any more questions or make any further statements.

32. Plaintiffs claim and incorporate the facts of COUNT 1 and COUNT 11 in this their 32nd claim, and further claim that upon all of the acts perpetrated by the Defendants as shown hereinabove, that said Defendants have denied Plaintiffs their rights

to procedural due process causing them grievous losses as claimed in paragraphs 28 and 31 above, and damages of loss of wages in prison pay, potential wages from prison pay, and income and potential income, on behalf of Plaintiff HAYTER, from prison le Allegation? hobbyoraft sales of personal manufactured goods.

COUNT 111

33. Plaintiffs did serve twenty-nine (29) days in the isolation "hole" from the 3rd day of April, 1970, to the 2nd day of May, 1970, upon the sentences claimed in paragraphs 28 and 31 herein. 34. Plaintiffs were placed in the maximum security unit isolation on the 2nd day of Kay, 1970, where they remain housed to the date of the filing of this complaint.

35. Plaintiff CHARLES HAYTER was taken before the Department of Parole and Probution, Board of Parole Commissioners for hearing upon the recommendation of the disciplinary committee as claimed in paragraph 31 above, on/or about the 16th day of March 1971, Wherein the Defendant CLAYTON PHILLIPS, Chairman, did not inform Plaintiff of any reports made against him nor explain the nature of the charges against him.

36. That on the 16th day of March, 1971, Plaintiff HAYTER asked Defendant PHILLIPS for an attorney to represent him before at the Board hearing which request was denied by Defendant PHILLIPS. 37. Plaintiff HAYPER informed Defendant PHILLIPS that any action taken against Plaintiff would be illegal and in violation of Plaintiff's 5th, 6th, and 14th Amendment rights as guaranteed by the United States Constitution because of the fact that Defendant PHILLIPS was aware that Plaintiff had already been prosecuted and convicted by the State of Nevada upon the same acts for Which Plaintiff was referred to both the district attorney and the State Board of Purole Commissioners.

38. That Defendant CLAYTON PHILLIPS told Plaintiff HAYTER to leave the board hearing room and Plaintiff would be notified

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of the board results.

39. That on/or about the 17th day of Earch, 1971, Plaintiff HAYTER received a "Certification of Purole Commissioners Action" Wherein the action noted thereon was "Statutory Hearing loss of stat time earned and to be carned, 5 years and

40. Plaintiff ROBBIE CRAIC reclaims the same set of acts and circumstances happened to him as happened to Plaintiff HAYTER in paragraphs 35 through 38, with exception as to the dutes, as Plaintiff CRAIG appeared before said board and Defendant PHILLIPS on/or about the 4th day of May, 1971.

41. That on/or about the 5th day of May, 1971, Plaintiff CRAIG received a "Certification of Purole Commissioners Action" wherein the action noted thereon was "Statutory Hearing loss of all stat time earned and to be carned!

42. Plaintiffs claim that the action against them by the prison disciplinary committee and CLAYTON PHILLIPS denied them their rights protected and guaranteed by 5th. 6th. and 14th Amendments to the United States Constitution, and more particularily denied them procedural due process, causing them grievous loss of statutory good time credits, wages, and extreme mental anguish.

COUNT 1V

43. Plaintiffs claim that on the 3rd day of April, 1970. Defendants CARL HOCKER, EDWIN POGUE, and ROBERT LIST, were all present in the Nevada State Prison and discussed the arrest of Plaintiff and the possible charges to be brought against Plaintiffs. 44. Plaintiffs claim that on/or about the 5th day of April, 1970 Defendant EDWIN POGUE with the approval of Defendant TOM DAVIS and Defendant CARL HOCKER did in fact refer Plaintiffs case to Defendant ROBERT LIST then district Attorney of Carson City. Nevada, for prosecution of charges stemming out of the arrest

45. Plaintiffs claim that Defendants CARL HOCKER, EDWIN POGUE,

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made as claimed in paragraph 19 hereinabove.

ROBERT LIST, and Tele DAVIS conspired togather to deprive the Plaintiffs of their 5th, 6th, and 14th Amendment rights as guaranteed by the United States Constitution, and particularily their right to procedural due process, before and during the disciplinary proceedings as claimed in paragraphs 20 through 32 in the manner and under the circumstances described therein, culminating in grievous losses, extreme mental anguish and double punishments by two different arms of government deriving their power from the same Constitution of Nevada.

COUNT Y

46. Plaintiffs claim that Defendants CARL HOCKER, ROBERT LIST, and MICHAEL FONDI conspired toget her to deprive Plaintiffs of their constitutionally guaranteed rights protected by the 5th and 14th Amendments to the United States Constitution, in that each Defendant was aware of punishments already meted out to Plaintiffs by the prison disciplinary committee by and through reports made and reduced to Writing by said committee and Defendant TOM DAVIS report of said disciplinary action to Defendant LIST and Defendant FONDI, which disciplinary action is claimed in paragraphs 21, 26, and 30, and incorporated in this their 46th claim.

47. That on/or about the 5th day of April, 1970, Defendant CARL HOCKER through Defendant EDWIN POGUE did refer the Plaintiffs oa cases, as claimed in paragraph 44, to the District Attorney's office of Carson City, hevada, for prosecution.

48. That on/or about the 14th day of June, 1970, an Indictment was returned by the Grand Jury of Carson City, Nevada, against Plaintiffs and signed by Defendant ROBERT LIST, in part alleging the crime of attempted escape.

49. Subsequently, on/or about the 2nd day of October, 1970, the aforesaid Indictment was dismissed, and on the same date the Defendant CARL HOCKER filed a Griminal Complaint against the

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Plaintiffs for attempted escape.

50. Subsequently, on/or about the 2nd day of November, 1970, Defendants LIST and FOHDI filed a Criminal Information against Plaintiffs for the crime of attempted escape.

51. Subsequently, Plaintiffs were convicted in the First Judicial District Court of Meyada, and sentenced to ten (10) years in the Nevada State Preson on/or about the 8th day of February, 1971, and probated into the custody and control of the Department of Parole and Probation on the same date.

52. Plaintiffs claim that in paragraphs 46 through 51 of COUNT V a conspiracy is shown perpetrated by the Defendants named therein, to subject Plaintiffs Craig and Mayter to duel punishments as claimed and described in paragraphs 19, 28, 31 of COUNT 11 herein, and paragraphs 39 and 41 of COUNT 111 herein, and paragraph 51 of COUNT V above, causing grievous loss of statutory good time credits earned and which could have been earned, and loss of wages which could have been earned by Plaintiffs from the 2nd day of Lay, 1970, to the present date of filing this action, and causing Plaintiffs extreme mental anguish all of which is continuing damages by said Defendants.

COUNT VI

53. That Plaintiffs were put in the isolation "hole" on the 3rd day of April, 1970, naked for a period of 8 hours from about 2:45 a.m. o'clock to 10 a.m. o'clock wherein it was extremely cold inside of the "hole", and below freezing temperature outside while most of the maximum security unit windows were opened and wherein the "hole" is situated.

paste, toothbrush, and a small amount of toilet tessue at about 10:00 a.m. o'clock on the 3rd day of April, 1970.

55. Plaintiffs were not given tongs to wear on their feet While in the isolation "hole" cells for a period of twenty-nine days

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 from the 3rd day of April, 1970, to the 2nd day of May, 1970, and were forced to wear only a pair of socks while walking or standing on the cold concrete floor of said "hole".

56. Thile in the "hole" between the above-mentioned dates, the Plaintiffs were given two (2) dirty plastic jugs of almost identical appearance of about a 3 pint capacity, which had been cut-down soap or bleach containers, one for the purpose of a drinking container and the other for the purpose of a washing container, which had been left in the isolation "hole" cells by previous occupants.

57. Plaintiffs were forced to drink from the dirty plastic jugs aforementioned without knowing which jug was or had been used for a washing container by previous occupants of said "hole" cells.

b8. Plaintiffs were not given a wash basin out of which to wash their bodies for a period of twenty-nine (29) days while in the isolation "hole" cells between the dates claimed in paragraph 55. Thile the Plaintiffs were in the "hole" cells between the dates claimed in paragraph 55 above, they were subjected to extreme mental torture of the automatic flush toilets which flushed very loud every (3) to (5) minutes thereabouts, for twenty-four (24) hours each day.

60. While Plaintiffs were in the "hole" cells between the dates claimed in paragraph 55 above, they were fed cold or barely warm food and they are informed and believe that said food is not served from a hot-cart, but rather from a utility wagon.

61. Thile Plaintiffs were in the "hole" cells between the dates claimed in paragraph 55, they were deprived of adequate and proper ventilation, in that the cells in the maximum security unit, wherein the "hole" cells are situated do not have fresh air ducts leading into them, but rather all of the cells in said unit have only a vent in the back wall of said cells consisting

of (16) 2 inch holes covered by about No. 9 screen wire, which (16) holes and screen wire are further covered with an open ended steel box of about 14" x 14" from the backside of the "hole" cell wall, which vent opens out into the sewer pipe chase.

62. Plaintiffs reclaim all of the facts and circumstances of the paragraphs of COUNT VI and incorporate the same herein, and further claim that the Farden, Defendant CARL HOCKER condones such treatment and conditions to exist which amounts to cruel and unusual punishment, causing Plaintiffs to suffer extreme mental anguish and physicial damage to their nerves and bodies, and marked mental deteration and regression.

COUNT VII

63. Plaintiffs claim that while housed in the maximum security unit as of the dates claimed in COUNT 111 paragraph 34 and under conditions and circumstances of the sentence that such sentence is a continuing violation of their civil and constitutional rights and because thereof they reclaim and incorporate the damages claimed in paragraph 52.

64. Plaintiffs reclaim and incorporate the allegations made in paragraph 61 of COUNT VI regards inadequate and improper ventilation which identical conditions exist in their maximum isolation housing, and they suffer the same mental and physicial damages claimed in COUNT VI paragraph 62; and in addition Plaintiff CRAIG has suffered more than fifty (50) nose bleedings because such conditions are condoned by Defendant CARL HOCKER.

65. Plaintiffs claim that while being housed in the maximum unit isolation upon the dates in COUNT 111 paragraph 34 and under the conditions and circumstances therein, they further claim that Defendant CARL HOCKER has, and is, denying them adequate exercise to maintain good health in that Plaintiffs are only allowed approximately four (4) hours of walking time per week in an indoor cage of approximately 18' x 24' with nothing therein

provided for exercise and recreation.

have never been allowed to have outdoor exercise, fresh air, and sunshine since being sentenced to maximum housing isolation.

67. Plaintiffs claim that while being housed in the maximum isolation unit upon the dates heretofore claimed, that Defendant CARL HOCKER has not provided, and has denied them athletic equipment, movies, television, outside entertainment group viewing, or any of the recreational equipment provided for the general population of said prison, allof which is provided and purchased in part by the Prisoner's Store fund created by state statute (NES 209.195) to be expended for the welfare and benefit of all prisoners, including Plaintiffs, which depict by sefendant HCCKER deprives them of intellectual attainment and progress, entertainment fullfillment, and good and necessary physicial health and fitness.

68. Plaintiffs claim that while housed in the aforesaid maximum housing they are fed cold or barely warm food and coffee twice each day from a utility cart rather than a "hot-cart" and are forced to eat such food in their 5' x 9' cells wherein a toilet is without a cover and emits a bad odor, which is the same as eating meals every day of every year inside of a toilet, causing Plaintiffs extreme mental anguish.

69. Plaintiffs claim that while housed in the aforesaid housing unit of maximum isolation, that such housing unit is infested with various bugs, black widow spiders and rodents, causing Plaintiffs extreme mental anguish.

COUNT VIII

70. Plaintiffs CRAIG and HAYTER claim that Defendant CARL HOCKER personally opens and reads all of their incoming court mail, and is informed and believes that said Defendant xerox copies or otherwise photo copies all such mail, thereby depriving Plaintif

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of privacy between them and the courts.

71. Plaintiffs claim that Defendant CARL NOCKER invades their privacy with both state and federal courts in that Defendant censors and passes on to third parties private communications between Plaintiffs and the Courts and Court's staff.

COUNT 1X

72. Plaintiffs claim that Defendant CARL HOCKER and other John Doe members of his staff have created extreme mental insecurity in Plaintiffs' minds by subjecting other inmate/prisoners to illegal and unconstitutional disciplinary actions; in that Defendant CARL HOCKER and certain other John Doe members of his staff acoused inmate William Seward of attempted escape on/or about the 26th day of Earch, 1971, and subsequently was taken before a prison disciplinary committee and sentenced to the isolation "hole" and to maximum security isolation housing for a number of months, when in fact Plaintiffs upon information and belief claim that the charges made against inmate William Seward was a pretense and sham by Defendant CARL HOCKER soley for the purpose of discrediting and otherwise creating false evidence against Lieutenant Elmer Davis of the prison staff who was at the time doing his duty as a gun tower guard. Which ---illegal actions by Defendant CARL HOCKER has created fear and extreme mental insecurity and mental anguish in Plaintiffst minds.

73. Plaintiffs claim that Defendent CARL HOCKER has created extreme mental insecurity and mental anguish in the minds of the Plaintiffs by coming into the prison intoxicuted *##### under the influence of alcohol on/or about the 15th day of August, 1970 and on/or about the 30th day of June, 1971, in the presence of Plaintiffs in the maximum security isolation unit, causing the Plaintiffs extreme mental insecurity and mental anguish.

COUNT X

74. Plaintiffs claim that while being housed in the heretofore claimed maximum housing, that they are being denied full and complete use of the prison law library and its books to have sufficiently reasonable access to the courts, in that they are allowed only one law book per day in compliance with and because of an adminstrative memo by Defendant WILLIAM LATTIN which is discriminatory between indigent and affluent prisoners as the latter are able to hire outside counsel, whoreas, Plaintiffs are indigent and unable to hire counsel for such legal research necessary to properly gain access to the courts.

75. Plaintiffs reclaim and incorporate paragraph 74 above, and

further claim that the said prison law library is wholly insufficient to provide them with the very necessary tools and materials to receive adequate hearings in the courts, in that said law library is either without important text on law or is without a complete or up to date set of the following law books: Nevada Reports, Federal Supplements, Federal Reporters, American Law Reports 2nd and 3rd, Federal Rules Decisions, West Key System Digest, General Digost, United States Code Anno., Supreme Court Reporters, which further denies Plaintiffs access to the courts.

WHRERFORE, Each Plaintiff domands judgment against all Defendants as follows:

- 1. Each Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant CARL HCCKEF in the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50.000) in exemplary damages, and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100.000) in general damages;
- 2. Plaintiffs against Defendant CARL HOCKER in the first alternative, prays the Honorable Court ORDER said Defendant, his agents and all guards and employees working under him and subject to his supervision and control, be permanently enjoined and restrained from conducting any further disciplinary procedures

that are constitutionally infirm that violate the due process and equal protection Clauses of the 14th Amendment to the United States Constitution by failing to provide for adequate notice of charges, the calling of favorable witnesses and crossexamination of accusing Witnesses, counsel or counsel-substitute a decision by a fact finder uninvolved with the alleged incident, a written finding of facts, or uniform notice of any right to appeal the decision, when such a disciplinary hearing may result in a grievous loss to the prisoner, and be further permanently enjoined and restrained from confinging Plaintiffs in any of the isolation status, and that the Court ORDER Plaintiffs restored to the status of confinement they enjoyed prior to the institution of such constitutionally infirm disciplinary proceedings against them and that such decisions be expunged from all their records; and ORDERED to restore to them all, any and all statutory good time credits lost as a result of such proceedings, and accredited With any and all good time credits which could have been otherwise earned while in such confinement status derived from such disciplinary proceedings.

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- 3. Each Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant EDWIN POGUE in the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50.000) in exemplary damages, and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100.000) in general damages.
- 4. Each Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant WILLIAM LATTIN in the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10.000) in exemplary damages, and the sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20.000) in general damages.
- 5. Each Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant CLAYTON PHILLIPS in the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10.000) in exemplary damages, and the sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20.000) in general damages.
- 32 6. Each Plaintiff demands judgment against Defondant TOK DAVIS

in the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$ 50.000) in exemplary 1 damages, and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100.000) 2 in general damages.

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7. Fach Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant ROBERT LIST in the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in exemplary damages, and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in general damages.

8. Each Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant MICHAFL FONDI in the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50.000) in exemplary damages, and the sum of one hundred thousand (\$100,000) in general damages.

DECLARATORY RELIEF

9. Plaintiffs ROBBIE CRAIG and CHARLES HAYTER prays that this Honorable Court Will declare their constitutional rights to procedural due process, due process and equal protection of law as guaranteed by the 14th Amendment to the United States Constitution, in the matters of the following issues: (a) That that the Court declare the procedures employed by disciplinary committees at the Nevada State Prison violates the due process and equal protection Clauses of the 14th Amendment by failing to provide for adequate notice of charges, the calling of favorable witnesses and cross-examination of accusing Witnesses, counsel or counsel-substitute, a decision of a factfinder uninvolved with the incident, a written finding of facts, uniform notice of any right to appeal the decision When such disciplinary hearing may result in grievous loss to the prisoner: and that certain disciplinary punishment, including but not necessarily limited to (1) indefinite confinement in the maximum security unit, administrative segregation, institutional lock-up. or isolation situations of housing; (2) possible increase in a prisoners sentence by reason of referral of the disciplinary action to the Revada State Board of Parole Commissioners:----

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1	(3) a fine or forfeiture of accumulated or future earnings; (4)
2	a forfeiture of accumulated or future statutory good time credit
3	earned or to be earned; (5) isolation confinement longer than
4	ten days; or (6) referral to the district attorney for criminal
5	prosecution, constitute such a grievous loss to prisoners.
6	Respectfully submitted by
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8	Robbing Coard
9	Box 607 Carson City, hevada
10	Charles Kosto
11	Charles Hayter/Plaintiff Box 607 Carson City, Neveda
12	State of Nevada)
13	Carson City) VERIFICATION
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15	We, the undersigned state that we are Plaintiffs in the
16	above-entitled action; that we have read the contents thereof
17	and know of our own knowledge that the material claims and facts
18	are true, except to those claims and facts are alleged upon
19	information and belief, and we believe them to be true.
20	Executed on this ? day of
21	Carson City, Nevada.
22	Rilling Contra
23	Robbie Craig
24	The second secon
25	Charles Haved
26	Charles hay ver
27	SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me
2 8	this 36 day of 672. 1972.
29	
30	Notary Public for Carson City, hev.
	II